

A
♦



What data is included in
the electoral register?



2
♦



Do you need to give your consent for someone to access your data in the electoral register?



3
♦



Does the law stipulate
who has access to the
electoral register?



4
♦



Does the Electoral Commission keep a record of who has access to the electoral register?



5



Does your country use
biometric data to
register voters?



6
♦



At the polling station,
are voters verified with
their ID?



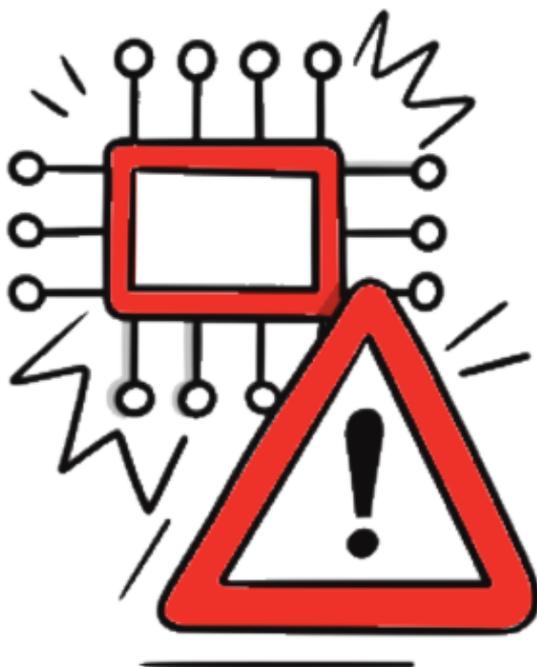
7



At the polling station,
what voter verification
documents are
accepted?



8



At the polling station, if voters are verified by tech, what happens in case of tech failures?



9
♦



What safeguards are in place to protect e-voting from hacking?



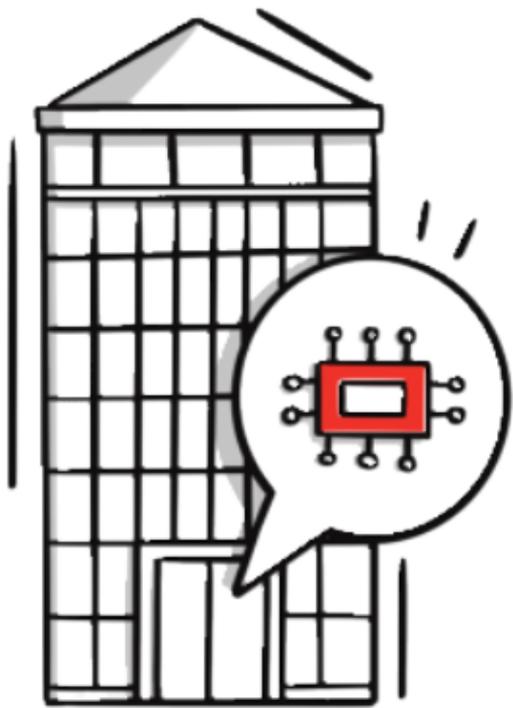
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Does your country's
Electoral Commission
have expertise in data
protection &
cybersecurity?



J
♦



Do elections rely on private companies to provide tech?



Q
♦



What personal data do private companies that provide election tech have access to?



K



Is there public information about the procurement of tech by private companies in elections?



A



Does your national law
protect the right to
privacy, including your
personal data?



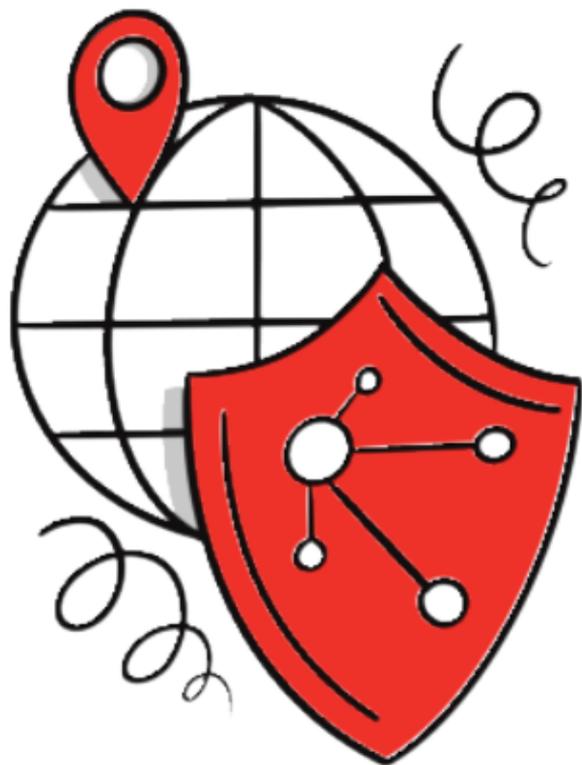
2
♥



Does your national law
protect your personal
data?



3



Does your country have
modern data protection
legislation?



4



Does your country's data protection legislation cover processing of personal data by public authorities?



5



What redress is available if your personal data has been abused during political campaigns?



6



Does your country have
an independent national
data protection
authority?



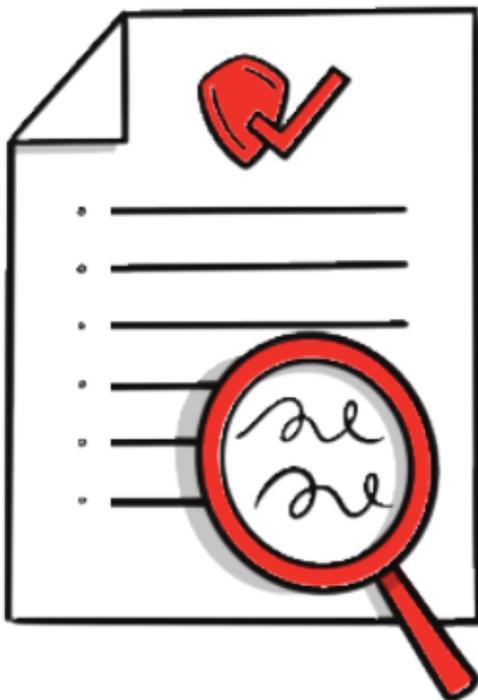
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Does the data protection authority give guidance on using personal data in elections?



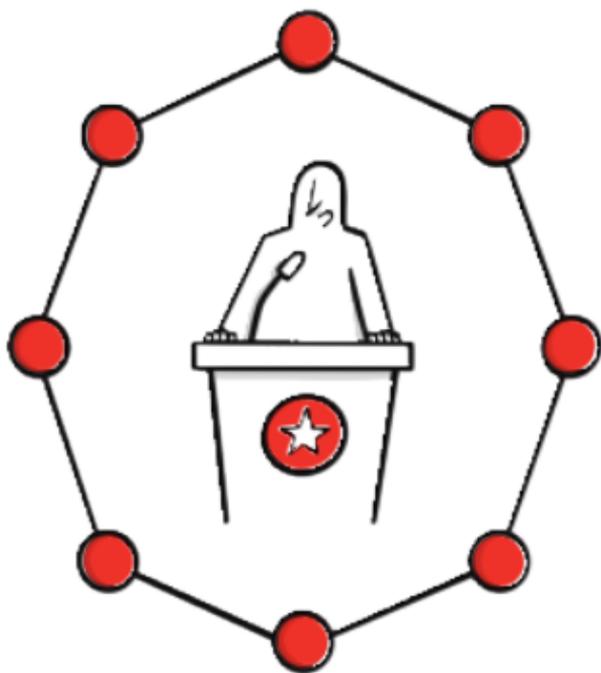
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Is there a Code of Practice on the use of personal data in the electoral process?



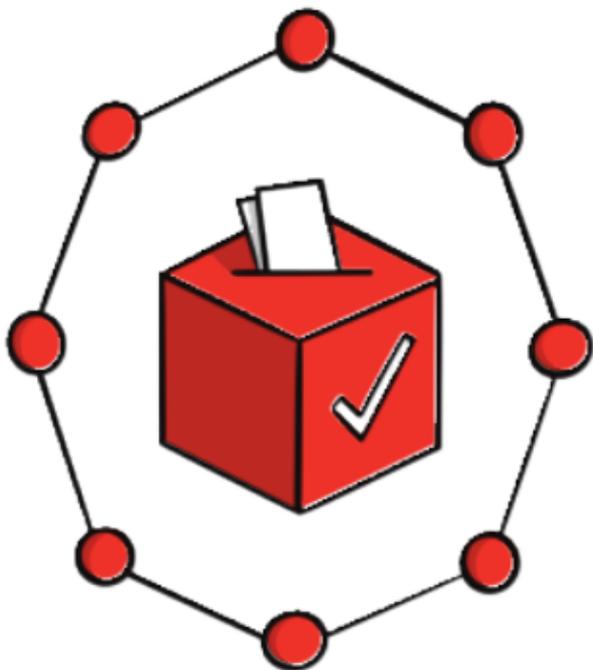
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Does the applicable data protection framework include broad definition of "political campaigning"?



10



Does the data protection framework for political activities apply to the Electoral Commission?



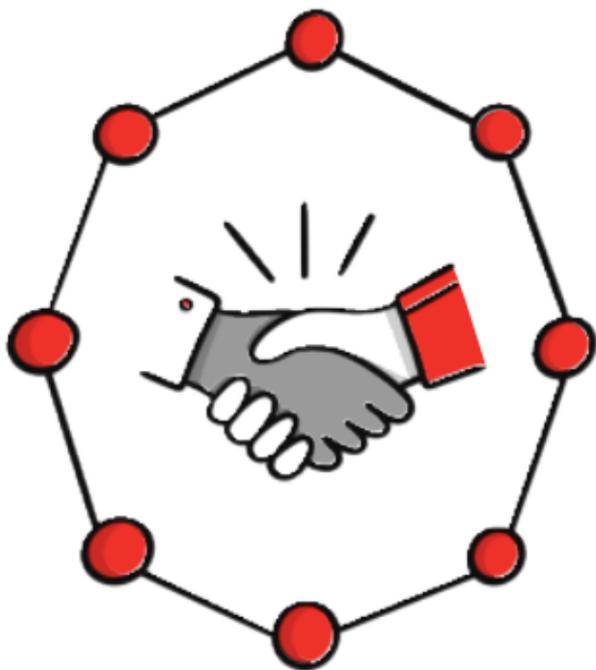
J
♥



Does the data protection framework for political activities apply to social media and internet platforms?



Q



Does the data protection framework for political activities apply to data brokers?



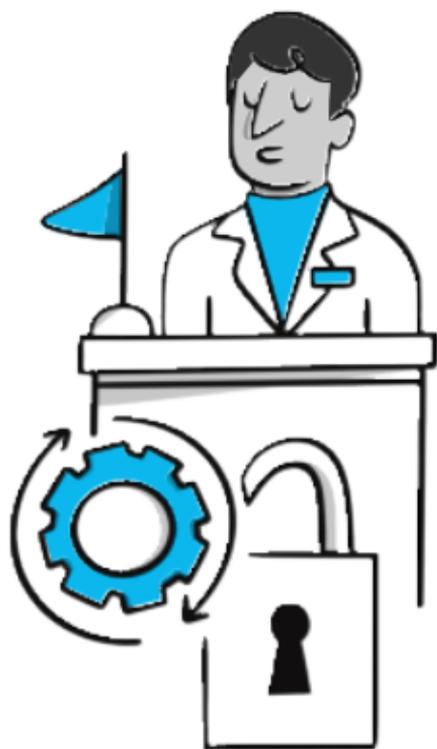
K



Does the data protection framework for political activities interpret personal data to include what is derived, inferred and predicted as the results of profiling?



A
♠



Does your country's data protection law apply to the data processed by political parties?



2
♠



Do political parties have data protection policies?



3
♠



Do political parties' policies have clear information about rights of individuals to protect their data?



4



Do political parties publish which personal data they get, where they get it from, and what they do with it?



5
♠



Do political parties carry out data protection impact assessments?



6



Have political parties
obtained consent from
individuals to process
their data?



7
♠



Do political parties
assess if companies they
contract for campaign
activities comply
with data protection
legislation?



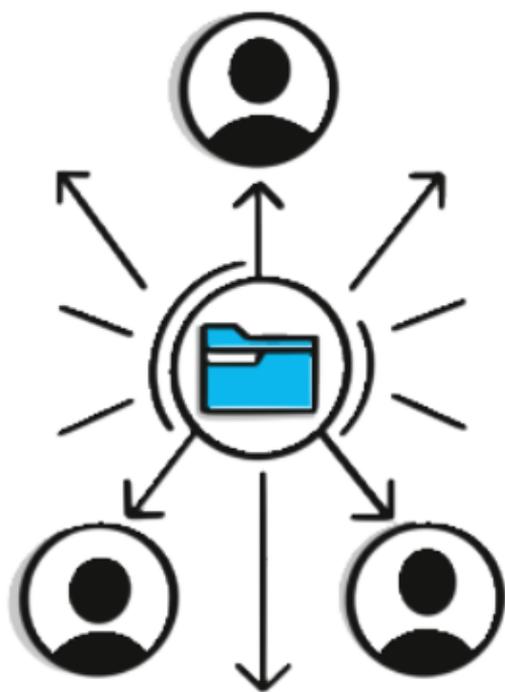
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Do political parties assess whether companies they contract act lawfully?



9
♠



What security measures do political parties take to prevent unauthorised access or sharing of personal data?



10



Do political parties train those involved in political campaigns on privacy and data protection principles?



J
♠



Do political parties train those involved in political campaigns on data security?



Q



Do political parties
publish a list of campaign
groups they have
financial relationships
with?



K
♠



Are political parties
transparent in their
political ads and
messaging?



A



Do social media platforms
have transparency
policies around
political ads?



2
♣



How can political parties reach users on their platforms?



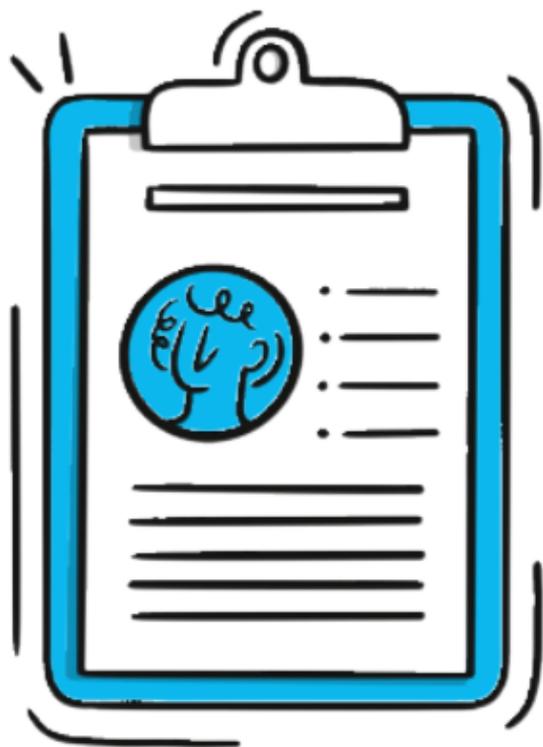
3
♣



How do political parties
use personal data to
advertise to voters?



4



Do political parties profile voters? If so, how?



5



Do political parties use targeted ads in their political campaigns?



6
♣



How do political parties use social media platforms to communicate with voters?



7
♣



Do social media platforms
comply with national data
protection legislation?



8



Do the major platforms
have an in-country
contact person?



9



Can voters send
complaints about political
ads to platforms?



10



Can the Electoral
Commission request user
information from social
media platforms?



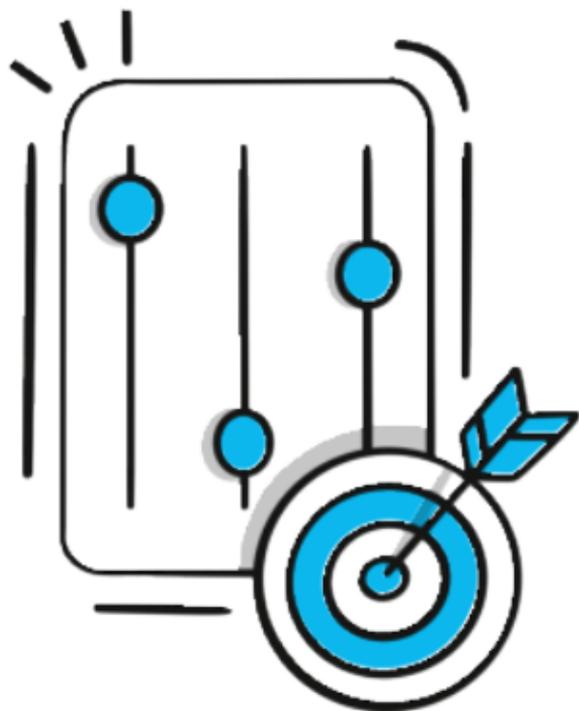
J
♣



How is online political advertising defined and regulated in law?



Q



Do the main internet
platforms have
transparency policies
around targeting?



K



Do the main internet platforms in your country allow regulators and researchers to monitor political ads?



J
♠



A technological
flaw allows a malicious
actors to tamper with
online voting



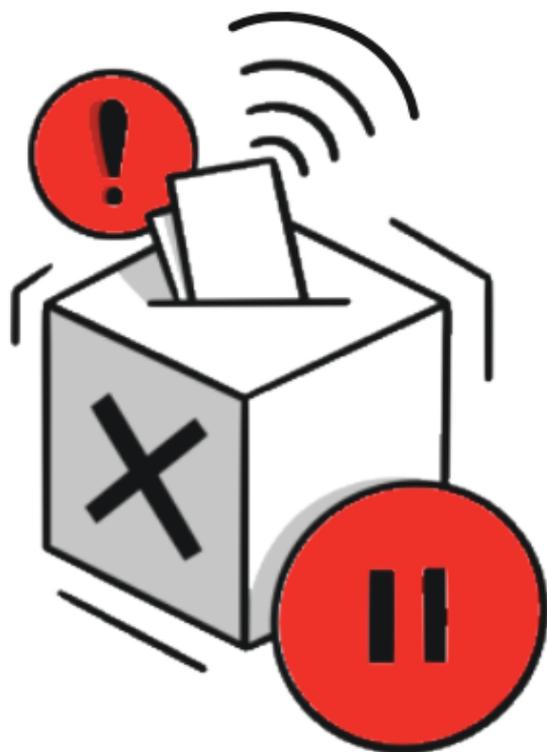
J
Crown



The ruling political party repurposes data collected by the state for administering public services to spread its own campaign messages



J
♠



Failure in the digital
voting system requires
postponement of an
election



J
Crown



An election tech provider withholds a biometric database after unpaid instalments by the Elections Commission





**TECH, DATA AND
ELECTIONS CHECKLIST**



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